Seated Office Ergonomics

Head is level and balanced with ears over shoulders.

Shoulders are relaxed with hands, wrists and forearms held neutral.

Elbows hang close to body and are bent between 90° and 100°.

Hips are bent between 90° and 100° with back supported by chair lumbar support. Make sure thighs are fully supported by chair.



Monitor height is adjusted so that top of screen is near eye level.

Monitor should be centered on keyboard directly in front of employee and roughly an arm's length away.

Keyboard should be at or just below elbow height with forearms held approximately parallel to floor.

Feet should rest firmly on the floor or a footrest should be used.

Ergonomic Tips

- Get up and move around every 20-30 minutes, find opportunities to change your position throughout the day.
- Look away from the monitor at least every 10 minutes.
- * Allow for knee and legroom; eliminate clutter from under your desk.
- Learn the adjustments of your chair and sit upright with good posture.
- Avoid repetitive activities, alternate tasks or take frequent breaks.



Standing Office Ergonomics

Head is level and balanced with ears over shoulders.

Shoulders are relaxed with hands, wrists and forearms held neutral.

Elbows hang close to body and are bent between 90° and 100°.

Foot can be elevated on a footrest and may switch from side to side periodically.



Monitor height is adjusted so that top of screen is near eye level.

Monitor should be centered on keyboard directly in front of employee and roughly an arm's length away.

Keyboard should be at or just below elbow height with forearms held approximately parallel to floor.

Ergonomic Tips

- Move around every 20-30 minutes, find opportunities to change your position throughout the day.
- Look away from the monitor at least every 10 minutes.
- * Avoid repetitive activities, alternate tasks or take frequent breaks.
- Periodically elevating one foot allows a slight change in position that helps reduce leg and lower back strain.